Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
For the three and nine months ended **September 30, 2013 and 2012** (expressed in Canadian dollars)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited)

(expressed in Canadian dollars)				
			September 30, 2013 \$	December 31, 2012 \$
Assets				
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments and marketable securities Other assets Reinsurance assets Deferred acquisition expenses			6,663,618 2,775,616 3,683,192 1,712,572 77,206	8,702,253 3,992,547 2,471,498 684,285 93,175
Non-current assets Investment properties (note 5) Property and equipment (note 6)			14,912,204 29,096,138 3,980,064	15,943,758 30,786,742 4,576,031
Total assets			47,988,406	51,306,531
Liabilities				
Current liabilities Trade payables and accrued liabilities Income taxes payable Insurance contract liabilities			1,779,950 64,549 3,427,484 5,271,983	996,314 92,107 2,300,604 3,389,025
Non-current liabilities Deferred income tax liability			637,189	613,946
Total liabilities			5,909,172	4,002,971
Equity (note 7)				
Share capital Contributed surplus Accumulated other comprehensive loss Retained deficit			52,204,394 4,184,748 (7,854,233) (6,455,675)	51,681,818 3,214,195 (2,528,607) (5,063,846)
Total equity			42,079,234	47,303,560
Total equity and liabilities			47,988,406	51,306,531
Approved by the Board of Directors				
Signed "Bill Fleckenstein"	_ Director	Signed "Jo	rdan Calonego"	Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Operations (Unaudited)

For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues				
Net premiums earned	895,914	107,025	1,559,596	297,690
Rental income	407,104	407,769	1,253,001	1,174,793
Other revenue	76,541	63,111	114,627	146,776
Total revenue	1,379,559	577,905	2,927,224	1,619,259
Expenses				
Salaries and wages	489,513	266,347	1,512,698	709,916
Other expenses (note 12)	817,552	700,644	3,051,867	1,975,044
Share based payment	266,286	390,199	1,199,529	1,170,597
Depreciation	44,271	27,099	137,274	68,332
Total expense	1,617,622	1,384,289	5,901,368	3,923,889
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Net investment income	146,210	244,621	631,928	598,136
Unrealized gain on fair value adjustment on				
investment properties (note 5)	-	199,080	1,136,125	199,080
Net loss before income taxes	(91,853)	(362,683)	(1,206,091)	(1,507,414)
Provision for income taxes	(12,168)	(83,386)	(185,738)	(83,386)
Net loss for the period	(104,021)	(446,069)	(1,391,829)	(1,590,800)
Net loss per share				
Basic	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Diluted	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive loss (Unaudited)

For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(expressed in Canadian donars)				
	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2013 2012		2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net loss for the period	(104,021)	(446,069)	(1,391,829)	(1,590,800)
Other comprehensive loss - net of taxes				
Unrealized losses on translation of financial				
statement operations with Mongolian MNT function	onal			
currency to Canadian dollar reporting currency	(6,011,914)	(2,575,264)	(5,325,626)	(2,843,911)
Total Comprehensive loss	(6,115,935)	(3,021,333)	(6,717,455)	(4,434,711)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share capital	Contributed surplus \$	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Retained earnings (deficit) \$	Total \$
Balance at January 1, 2012	51,681,818	1,846,475	(1,241,437)	1,009,904	53,296,760
Net loss for the period Other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	-	- (2,843,911)	(1,590,800)	(1,590,800) (2,843,911)
	51,681,818	1,846,475	(4,085,348)	(580,896)	48,862,049
Share based payment		1,170,597	-	-	1,170,597
Balance at September 30, 2012	51,681,818	3,017,072	(4,085,348)	(580,896)	50,032,646
			Accumulated other		
	Share capital	Contributed surplus \$		Retained deficit \$	Total \$
Balance at January 1, 2013	-	surplus	other comprehensive loss	deficit	
	\$ 51,681,818 - -	surplus \$ 3,214,195 - -	other comprehensive loss \$ (2,528,607)	deficit \$ (5,063,846) (1,391,829)	\$ 47,303,560 (1,391,829) (5,325,626)
2013  Net loss for the period	\$	surplus \$	other comprehensive loss \$ (2,528,607)	deficit \$ (5,063,846)	\$ 47,303,560 (1,391,829)
2013  Net loss for the period	\$ 51,681,818 - -	surplus \$ 3,214,195 - -	other comprehensive loss \$ (2,528,607)	deficit \$ (5,063,846) (1,391,829)	\$ 47,303,560 (1,391,829) (5,325,626)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

(expressed in Canadian dollars)		
	September 30, 2013 \$	September 30, 2012 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities Net loss for the period Items not affecting cash	(1,391,829)	(1,590,800)
Depreciation of property and equipment Share based payment	137,274 1,199,529	68,332 1,170,597
Deferred taxes	23,243	-
Realized gain on disposal of investment properties (note 5) Unrealized gain on fair value adjustment on investment properties	(21,102)	(116,038)
(note 5)	(1,136,125)	(199,080)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances (note 10)	(1,189,010) (348,351)	(666,989) (710,185)
	(1,537,361)	(1,377,174)
Financing activities Proceeds from share issuance (note 7)	293,600	<u>-</u> _
	293,600	
Investing activities		
Purchase of investments Disposition of investments	(820,880) 1,536,422	(2,451,148) 3,002,469
Net acquisition of property and equipment (note 6)	(104,744)	(326,111)
Net acquisition of investment properties (note 5)	(1,219,244)	(9,589,922)
	(608,446)	(9,364,712)
Effect of exchange rates on cash	(186,428)	(422,975)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,038,635)	(11,164,861)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of period	8,702,253	20,078,948
Cash and cash equivalents - End of period	6,663,618	8,914,087

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 1 Corporate information

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are of Mongolia Growth Group Ltd. (the Company). The Company is registered in Alberta, Canada, with its Head Office at its registered address at 1400, 700-2<sup>nd</sup> Street W, Calgary, Alberta, Canada. The Company is domiciled out of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business which is located at 706 - 34 Cumberland St. N., Thunder Bay, Ontario, P7A 4L3, Canada. The Company also has a business office for the Mongolian investment property and insurance companies in the Mandal Building on Seoul Street, across from the Russian Embassy, Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia.

The Company is organized into three business units based on the business operations:

- Big Sky Capital LLC and its subsidiaries own investment properties which are located in Ulaanbaatar,
   Mongolia and are held for the purpose of generating rental revenue, capital appreciation or both;
- Mandal General Insurance LLC offers insurance products in Mongolia covering all common general
  insurance types. The Company's main lines of business are motor insurance, including voluntary motor
  third party liability, property, accident medical and travel and liability insurance;
- The MGG Corporate office is located in Thunder Bay, Canada and administers the financial resources, investment portfolio, corporate reporting and legal functions of the Company.
- The Company's property division experiences a little bit of seasonality with higher turnovers of rental contracts in the spring, summer and fall months. Due to the harsh winters experienced in Mongolia, tenants typically do not move or change locations as much as they would in the other seasons.

#### 2 Basis of presentation

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ending September 30, 2013 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

The consolidated financial statements' values, including the notes to the consolidated financial statements, are presented in Canadian dollars (\$) which is the Company's presentation currency and the functional currency of the parent company. The functional currency of the Company's operating subsidiaries is the Mongolian National Tögrög (MNT).

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company for issue on November 26, 2013.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 3 Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are based on the accounting policies consistent with those disclosed in note 3 of the 2012 annual consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations effective as of January 1, 2013. The Company has adopted for the first time IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, and IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement effective January 1, 2013. The adoption of these standards had no material impact on the condensed interim unaudited consolidated financial statements.

#### a) Accounting standards and amendments issued but not yet adopted

The following is an overview of accounting standard changes that the Company will be required to adopt in future years.

#### IFRS 7 - "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"

IFRS 7 was amended by the IASB in December 2011. The amendment requires entities to provide disclosures related to offsetting financial assets and liabilities. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

#### IFRS 9 - "Financial Instruments"

IFRS 9 was issued in November 2009 and contained requirements for financial assets. This standard addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and replaces the multiple category and measurement models in IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" for debt instruments with a new model only having two categories: amortized cost and fair value. IFRS 9 also replaces the models for measuring equity instruments and such instruments are either recognized at FVTPL or at fair value through OCI. Where such equity instruments are measured at fair value through OCI that do not clearly represent a return of investment, the dividends are recognized in net income (loss) under net investment income; however, other gains and losses associated with such instruments remain in AOCI indefinitely.

Requirements for financial liabilities were added in October 2010 which largely carried forward existing requirements in IAS 39, except that fair value changes due to credit risk for liabilities designated at FVTPL would generally be recorded in OCI.

The IASB recently issued an amendment to this standard that delays the effective date from accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 to January 1, 2015. The amendment also modifies the relief from restating prior periods. As part of this relief, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 7 to require additional disclosure on transition from IAS 39 to IFRS 9. The Company continues to monitor developments in this area.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### IAS 1 - "Presentation of Financial Statements"

IAS 1 was amended in 2011 to require earnings (loss) and OCI to be presented together either as a single statement of comprehensive income or separate income statement and statement of comprehensive income. The amendments also requires presentation of OCI based on whether or not the balance may subsequently be reclassified to net income, with the tax associated with each type of OCI based on whether or not the balance may subsequently be reclassified to net income (loss), with the tax associated with each type of OCI balance to be presented separately. IAS 1 amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012 with earlier adoption permitted. The impact of the adoption of this standard on the components of the financial statements cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

#### IAS 32 - "Financial Instruments Presentation"

In December 2011, the IASB amended IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" clarifying the requirements for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. Currently, IAS 32 requires an entity to offset a financial asset and financial liability only when the entity currently has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The amendment clarifies that the right of offset must be available today and legally enforceable for all counterparties in the normal course of business, as well as in the event of default, insolvency, or bankruptcy. The amended disclosures require more extensive disclosure than are currently required under IFRS. The disclosures focus on quantitative information regarding financial instruments that are offset in the statement of financial position, as well as financial instruments that are subject to master netting or similar arrangements whether they are offset or not. Changes to IAS 32 are retrospectively applied with an effective date of annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

#### 4 Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in net income (loss) in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Significant estimates made in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the following areas:

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2013

- Fair value of investment properties The estimate of fair value of investment properties is the most critical accounting estimate to the Company. An external appraiser estimates the fair value of the majority of investment properties annually. The fair value of investment properties is based on the nature, location and condition of the specific asset. The fair value of investment properties represents an estimate of the price that would be made in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties. The Company operates in the emerging real estate market of Mongolia, which given its current economic, political and industry conditions, gives rise to an increased inherent risk given the lack of reliable and comparable market information. The significant estimates underlying the fair value determination are disclosed in note 10 of the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012. Changes in assumptions about these factors could materially affect the carrying value of investment properties.
- Valuation of insurance contract liabilities The estimate of the ultimate liability arising from claims made under insurance contracts is another critical accounting estimate. There are several sources of uncertainty that need to be considered in the estimate of the liability that the Company will ultimately pay for such claims. The ultimate cost of claims liabilities is estimated by using a range of standard actuarial claims projection techniques in accordance with Canadian accepted actuarial practice. Further information on methodology of the calculation and assumptions involved in estimating insurance contract liabilities including sensitivity analysis are disclosed in note 14 of the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012.
- Accuracy of share based compensation expense The estimate of the ultimate expense arising from share based compensation plans is another critical accounting estimate. There are several sources of uncertainty that need to be considered in the estimate of the share based compensation expense recorded by the Company. The ultimate expense is estimated by using a number of key assumptions such as the expected volatility of the share price, the dividends expected on the shares, the risk-free interest rate for the expected life of the option and future forfeiture rates. Further information on key assumptions including sensitivity analysis is included in note 15 of the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012.
- Operating environment of the Company Mongolia displays many characteristics of an emerging market including relatively high inflation and interest rates. The tax and customs legislation in Mongolia is subject to varying interpretations and frequent changes. The future economic performance of Mongolia is tied to the continuing demand from China and continuing high global prices for commodities as well as being dependent upon the effectiveness of economic, financial and monetary measures undertaken by the Government of Mongolia together with tax, legal, regulatory and political developments. Management is unable to predict all developments that could have an impact on the Mongolian economy and consequently what effect, if any, they could have on the future financial position of the Company.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 5 Investment properties

	September 30, 2013 \$	December 31, 2012 \$
Balance - beginning of period Additions	30,786,742	26,166,286
Acquisitions	1,684,450	8,190,935
Capital expenditures	122,612	374,890
Transfer from property and equipment	-	140,251
Transfer from other assets	204,996	-
Disposals	(792,814)	(1,656,768)
Unrealized fair value adjustment	1,136,125	(1,490,336)
Foreign exchange adjustments	(4,045,973)	(938,516)
Balance - end of period	29,096,138	30,786,742

As of September 30, 2013, included in investment properties are investment properties actively being marketed for sale that are to be disposed without redevelopment with a fair value of \$4,425,682 (December 31, 2012 - \$775,559).

The proceeds from the sale of investment properties were \$813,916 (September 30, 2012 - \$1,389,234). The assets and liabilities associated with the properties were derecognized and a gain on sale of investment property in the amount of \$21,102 (September 30, 2012 – gain of \$116,038) was recorded.

During the period ending September 30, 2013, the Company completed renovations on one of its investment properties which was purchased in the prior year but was not available for use at December 31, 2012 as the building was still under renovations. At the prior year end this property was recorded at cost in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements. During the previous quarter, the renovations were completed, and the property became available for use and began leasing space to tenants. A formal valuation was completed on the property in early 2013 and this has resulted in the unrealized gain on fair value adjustment on investment properties during the nine month period ending September 30, 2013.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

## 6 Property and equipment

					2012
	Furniture and fixtures \$	Equipment \$	Vehicles \$	Buildings \$	Total \$
December 31					
Cost	138,890	125,737	268,351	4,238,707	4,771,685
Accumulated depreciation	17,606	37,970	32,090	107,988	195,654
Net book value	121,284	87,767	236,261	4,130,719	4,576,031
					2013
	Furniture and fixtures \$	Equipment \$	Vehicles \$	Buildings \$	Total \$
Cost					
At January 1	138,890	125,737	268,351	4,238,707	4,771,685
Additions	12,221	25,403	-	67,120	104,744
Foreign exchange adjustment	(17,717)	(14,685)	(33,187)	(533,070)	(598,659)
At September 30	133,394	136,455	235,164	3,772,757	4,277,770
					2013
	Furniture and fixtures \$	Equipment	Vehicles \$	Buildings \$	Total \$
Accumulated depreciation					
At January 1	17,606	37,970	32,090	107,988	195,654
Depreciation	8,623	33,979	20,309	74,363	137,274
Foreign exchange adjustment	(2,218)	(11,286)	(5,534)	(16,184)	(35,222)
At September 30	24,011	60,663	46,865	166,167	297,706
Net book value at					
September 30	109,383	75,792	188,299	3,606,590	3,980,064

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 7 Equity

#### **Stock options**

A summary of the Company's options as at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and changes during the periods then ended follows:

	September 30, 2013	Weighted average exercise price \$	December 31, 2012	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, beginning of period Options cancelled Options granted Options forfeited Options exercised	1,782,000 (2,500) 475,000 (7,500) (160,000)	3.40 4.25 4.13 4.25 1.84	1,697,000 (5,000) 190,000 (100,000)	3.36 4.25 4.00 4.36
Balance, end of the year	2,087,000	3.68	1,782,000	3.40
Exercisable	951,000	3.91	358,000	2.94
Weighted remaining average life (years)		3.86		3.84

In the period, 120,000 options were exercised at a price of \$1.90 for total cash proceeds of \$228,000 and 40,000 options were exercised at a price of \$1.64 for total cash proceeds of \$65,600.

On March 1, 2013, the Company issued 350,000 five year stock options at a price of \$4.13 per share and 125,000 three year stock options at a price of \$4.13.

On May 9, 2013, the Company's Board of Directors approved the Restricted Stock Award ("RSA") plan as presented and moved that it be voted on at the Company's annual general meeting on June, 7, 2013. A RSA is a grant of Company stock in which the recipient's rights in the stock are restricted until the shares vest. Once the vesting requirements are met, an employee owns the shares outright and may treat them as they would any other stock in their account. The Company may choose to grant RSA's to employees, directors or consultants of the Corporation. The principal purpose of the plan is to promote a proprietary interest in the Company by Participants and to encourage such persons to remain in the employ or service of the Company and put forth maximum efforts for the success of the affairs of Mongolia Growth Group Ltd., and the business of its entities. As of September 30, 2013 no RSA's have been issued.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

The following table summarizes the shares used in calculating earnings (loss) per share:

	September 30, 2013 \$	December 31, 2012 \$
Weighted average number of shares – basic Effect of dilutive stock options	34,246,026 1,982,604	34,143,352 1,738,913
Weighted average number of shares – diluted	36,228,630	35,882,265

Basic earnings (loss) per share are derived by dividing net income (loss) for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. The effect of potentially dilutive securities is excluded if they are anti-dilutive.

#### 8 Related party transactions

Parties are generally considered to be related if the parties are under common control or if one party has the ability to control the other party or can exercise significant influence or joint control over the other party in making financial and operational decisions. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form.

On August 8, 2013 the Company loaned a member of key management \$100,000 with a fixed interest rate of 6% payable back to the Company within six months from the loan date.

Key management personnel of the Company include all directors and executive management. The summary of compensation for key management personnel is as follows:

	September 30, 2013 \$	September 30, 2012 \$
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	235,077	150,000
Share-based payments	426,446	342,537
	661,523	492,537

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 9 Contingent liabilities

From time to time and in the normal course of business, claims against the Company may be received. On the basis of management's assessments and professional legal advice, management is of the opinion that no material losses will be incurred and no provision or disclosure has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

The Company indemnifies its directors and officers against any and all claims or losses reasonably incurred in the performance of their service to the Company to the extent permitted by law.

The Company is also subject to litigation arising in the normal course of conducting its insurance business. The Company is of the opinion that this litigation will not have a significant effect on the financial position, financial performance or cash flows of the Company.

#### 10 Supplementary cash flow information

	Sept. 30, 2013 \$	Sept. 30, 2012 \$
Changes in non-working capital arising from		
Other assets	(1,672,980)	(785,375)
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	919,131	83,873
Reinsurance assets	(1,236,352)	1,784
Deferred acquisition expense	4,939	2,948
Income tax payable	68,967	(120,899)
Insurance contract liabilities	1,567,944	107,484
Changes in non-cash working capital from operating activities	(348,351)	(710,185)

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 11 Segment information

The Company's operations are conducted in three reportable segments as Investment Property Operations, Insurance Operations and Corporate. The Company reports information about its operating segments based on the way management organizes and reports the segments within the organization for making operating decisions and evaluating performance.

Investment Property operations consist of commercial and residential investment property in Mongolia held for the purposes of rental revenue, capital appreciation or both. These properties are managed by Big Sky Capital LLC and its subsidiaries.

Insurance Operations includes general property and casualty insurance products in Mongolia. Insurance underwriting and claims handling functions are administered through Mandal General Insurance LLC.

Corporate administers financial resources and the corporate investment portfolio and is comprised of investment income, corporate costs and other activities not specific to other reportable segments and is shown separately.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

The Company evaluates performance based on net income (loss) before income taxes.

	Nine months ended September 30, 2013				
	Investment property \$	Insurance \$	Corporate \$	Total \$	
Rental income	1,253,001	-	-	1,253,001	
Property operating expenses	(962,132)	-	-	(962,132)	
Unrealized gain on fair value adjustment on investment properties	1,136,125	-	-	1,136,125	
Net premiums earned	-	1,559,596	-	1,559,596	
Claims and insurance benefits incurred	-	(460,394)	-	(460,394)	
Share based payment	(399,975)	(245,485)	(554,069)	(1,199,529)	
Other expenses	(176,543)	(871,563)	(2,093,933)	(3,142,039)	
Depreciation	(96,829)	(33,367)	(7,078)	(137,274)	
Net investment income	200,936	430,608	384	631,928	
Gain on disposal of investment property	21,102	-	-	21,102	
Other revenue	24,435	68,090	1,000	93,525	
Net income (loss) before income taxes	1,000,120	447,485	(2,653,696)	(1,206,091)	

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

	Three months ended September 30, 2013					
	Investment property \$	Insurance \$	Corporate \$	Total \$		
Rental income	407,104	-	-	407,104		
Property operating expenses	(490,461)	-	-	(490,461)		
Net premiums earned	-	895,914	-	895,914		
Claims and insurance benefits recovery	-	35,166	-	35,166		
Share based payment	(129,769)	(31,925)	(104,592)	(266,286)		
Other expenses	(74,986)	(269,429)	(507,355)	(851,770)		
Depreciation	(31,174)	(10,958)	(2,139)	(44,271)		
Net investment income	30,307	115,475	428	146,210		
Gain on disposal of investment property	34,896	-	-	34,896		
Other revenue	10,187	31,458	-	41,645		
Net income (loss) before income taxes	(243,896)	765,701	(613,658)	(91,853)		

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

	Nine months ended September 30, 2012				
	Investment property \$	Insurance \$	Corporate \$	Total \$	
Rental income	1,174,793	-	-	1,174,793	
Property operating expenses	(787,674)	-	-	(787,674)	
Unrealized gain on fair value adjustment on investment properties	199,080	-	-	199,080	
Net premiums earned	-	297,690	-	297,690	
Claims and insurance benefits incurred	-	(110,321)	-	(110,321)	
Share based payment	(402,870)	(407,682)	(360,045)	(1,170,597)	
Other expenses	(198,237)	(634,716)	(954,012)	(1,786,965)	
Depreciation	(37,293)	(23,833)	(7,206)	(68,332)	
Net investment income	157,636	433,742	6,758	598,136	
Gain on disposal of investment property	116,038	-	-	116,038	
Other revenue	5,713	25,025	-	30,738	
Net income (loss) before income taxes	227,186	(420,095)	(1,314,505)	(1,507,414)	

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

	Three months ended September 30, 2012				
	Investment property \$	Insurance \$	Corporate \$	Total \$	
Rental income	407,769	-	-	407,769	
Property operating expenses	(320,793)	-	-	(320,793)	
Unrealized gain on fair value adjustment on investment properties	199,080	-	-	199,080	
Net premiums earned	-	107,025	-	107,025	
Claims and insurance benefits incurred	-	(72,793)	-	(72,793)	
Share based payment	(134,290)	(135,894)	(120,015)	(390,199)	
Other expenses	(57,203)	(219,504)	(296,698)	(573,405)	
Depreciation	(13,209)	(9,077)	(4,813)	(27,099)	
Net investment income	96,299	146,934	1,388	244,621	
Gain on disposal of investment property	45,065	-	-	45,065	
Other revenue	2,390	15,656	-	18,046	
Net income (loss) before income taxes	225,108	(167,653)	(420,138)	(362,683)	

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

					Septen	nber 30, 2013
	_	stment roperty \$	Insurance \$	Cor	porate \$	Consolidated \$
Total assets Property and equipment Investment properties	3,7	145,254 773,146 096,138	7,771,757 184,895 -		71,395 22,023 -	47,988,406 3,980,064 29,096,138
Period Net Expenditures Property and equipment Investment propertie	s 1,2	68,878 219,244	33,669 -		2,197 -	104,744 1,219,244
					Septen	nber 30, 2012
		stment roperty \$	Insurance \$	Cor	porate \$	Consolidated \$
Total assets Property and equipment Investment properties	4,0	362,300 088,498 378,308	4,625,847 201,464 -		60,829 28,645 -	52,048,976 4,318,607 34,378,308
Period Net Expenditures Property and equipment Investment propertie		231,147 589,922	93,495 -		1,469 -	326,111 9,589,922
		Revenue	Property and equipment I		Invest	ment property
	Sept.30, 2013 \$	Sept. 30, 2012 \$	Sept.30, 2013 \$	Sept. 30, 2012 \$	Sept. 30, 2013 \$	Sept. 30, 2012 \$
Canada Mongolia	1,000 2,926,224	- 1,619,259	22,023 3,958,041	28,645 4,289,962	- 29,096,138	34,378,308
	2,927,224	1,619,259	3,980,064	4,318,607	29,096,138	34,378,308

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 12 Other expenses

		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2012 \$	
Professional fees	362,045	268,138	1,275,328	625,632	
Travel	125,846	50,454	265,848	183,339	
Advertising	25,863	29,393	171,199	163,360	
Net claims incurred (recovered)	(35,166)	72,793	460,394	110,321	
Land and property tax	71,611	66,294	197,859	155,804	
Insurance	7,026	(15,312)	20,875	34,996	
Utility expense	10,508	16,681	53,078	62,970	
Other expenses	249,819	212,203	607,286	638,622	
	817,552	700,644	3,051,867	1,975,044	

#### 13 Fair value hierarchy

Fair value represents the price at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in an orderly market, in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties who are under no compulsion to act. Financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position are measured and classified in a hierarchy consisting of three levels for disclosure purposes. The three levels are based on the priority of the inputs to the respective valuation technique. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). An asset or liability's classification within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. The input levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from unadjusted quoted prices in an active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as price) or indirectly (derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the estimated fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company has implemented the following classifications:

#### Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

The Company defines active markets based on the frequency of valuation and any restrictions or illiquidity on disposition of investments. The size of the bid/ask spread is used as an indicator of market activity for fixed maturity securities. Assets measured at fair value and classified as Level 1 include cash and cash

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

equivalents, and investments and marketable securities. Fair value is based on market price data for identical assets obtained from the investment custodian, investment managers or dealer markets. The Company does not adjust the quoted price for such instruments.

# Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

• Level 2 inputs include observable market information, including quoted prices for assets in markets that are considered less active. Assets measured at fair value and classified as Level 2 include investments and marketable securities. Fair value is based on or derived from market price data for same or similar instruments obtained from the investment custodian, investment managers or dealer markets.

# Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the estimated fair value of the assets or liabilities

Level 3 assets and liabilities would include financial instruments whose values are determined using
internal pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques that are not based on
observable market data, as well as instruments for which the determination of estimated fair value requires
significant management judgement or estimation.

	Septen	September 30, 2013		
	Level 1 \$	Total \$		
FVTPL Money market fund	100	100		
	December 31, 20			
	Level 1 \$	Total \$		
FVTPL Money market fund	100	100		

The Company has not adjusted the quoted price for any instruments included in Level 1. There are no investments that meet the Level 2 or 3 fair value measurement criteria. No investments were transferred between levels in 2013 and 2012.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**September 30, 2013** 

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 14 Subsequent events

On November 25, 2013, the Company announced the sale of its insurance operations, Mandal General Daatgal LLC, for gross proceeds of approximately \$3,500,000. The sale is subject to certain approvals and the satisfaction of certain closing conditions. The transaction is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2013 and the proceeds are expected to be received within 18 months of the closing date. Additionally, the terms of certain options outstanding will be revised for options of the Company that are held by the acquirer and employees of Mandal General Daatgal LLC.